

DESARDI® Paper-backed paste-the-paper method

Always read the instructions carefully before applying the wallpaper.

Material preparation

1. First check if the material is received in good order and has not been damaged.
2. Make sure that walls and/or boards are smooth, solid, dry and free of mold or algae
3. Leave approx. 4-5 cm extra at the ceiling and skirting board
4. Check the material after cutting 3 lengths, on colour consistency and surface texture as claims over 3 lengths may not be accepted.
5. Remove all old wallpaper, paint or whitewash, traces of inks or crayon.

Hanging the wallpaper

- Use a suitable PVA dispersion adhesive.
- Diluted PVA adhesives can be used as a primer on porous and absorbing surfaces
- Mark a perpendicular line so that the first length can be hung at 2 cm through the corner.
- Apply sufficient adhesive with a lambs wool roller to the rear side of the paper and fold it.
- Leave the wallpaper folded for 5-6 minutes before applying it to the wall.
- Use a squeegee to smooth out the length in vertical direction.
- Butt join or overlap the lengths by 3 cm.
- **Tip:** In dark areas apply a dark colour on the wall at the joint to prevent a white background shining through the joint if the edges do not match perfectly.
- Cut the center of the overlap with a sharp knife.
- Do not cut in the underground, otherwise the joints might stand open.
- Remove the outer and inner edges and re-paste the wall under the joint with a brush.
- Close the joint with a squeegee in vertical direction and remove glue with clean water if necessary.
- Remove the strip at the ceiling and skirting board with a spatula and stanley knife, always move the spatula while keeping the knife in the cut.

Factors that can influence the project

Because of the great variety of surfaces and application methods the installer must examine the suitability of the media for each application. The seller assumes no liability for claims beyond the replacement value of any product proven to be defective in material or workmanship and is not liable for direct, indirect, damages or consequential loss.

Several factors will adversely affect adhesion of a pressure sensitive adhesive, examples are:

- Dusty, humid, dirty, oxidized or textured surfaces.
- Mould release on plastic or concrete.
- Poor adhesion of the paint to the substrate.
- Low surface energy.
- Application below the minimum temperature or use outside the recommended temperature range.
- Chemical spills or vapors.
- Paints containing dirt repellent substances such as silicones.